

Rain today; fair and warmer tomorrow; fresh easterly winds.

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## POWERS SMILES AS HE RECEIVES THE DEATH SENTENCE

"Not Guilty, Judge," Reiterates Former Secretary of State, Once Again Convicted of Complicity in Goebel Murder.

TO BE HANGED NOVEMBER 25

Conservative Men of Both Parties in Kentucky Think Latest Verdict Unwarranted by Evidence—History of the Case.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. 29.—Caleb Powers has for the third time been found guilty of complicity in the assassination of William Goebel, and his punishment is fixed at death. The report of the jury was made to the court at 11:20 o'clock, after four hours and twenty minutes' consideration of the case.

At 11:05 the jury sent out for Judge Robbins, and informed him that it was ready to report a verdict. Jailer Finley was sent to the county jail to bring the prisoner into court. The court room was quickly filled with people.

**Death the Penalty.**

The verdict was read by the clerk as follows:

"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty, and fix his punishment at death." The announcement cast gloom over thousands of friends of the condemned conspirator, who still believe him innocent. The verdict met with the entire approval of the extreme Goebel Democrats, but the more conservative men of both parties looked upon the punishment as unwarranted by the evidence.

**First Ballot Unanimous.**

The first ballot by the jury was unanimous for guilt, and the delay in the verdict was caused by the failure to immediately agree as to the punishment. None of the jurors will discuss what occurred in the jury room.

Judge Robbins reconvened court this afternoon to hear a motion for a new trial. This was overruled, and the attorneys were given until October 8 to prepare a bill of exception for an appeal of the case.

**Smiled When Sentenced.**

When asked whether he had anything to say, Powers replied, smiling: "Not guilty, judge."

"It is a fearful calamity if this be true," replied Judge Robbins, "but the jury has fixed the penalty under the law."

Powers was then sentenced to be hanged on November 25, and remanded to jail.

**Will Fight to End.**

When seen tonight he said: "Tell my friends there is no craven blood in Caleb Powers. He will fight to the last breath. The people of Kentucky may hang me. They have the power. Sooner or later the truth will out and my innocence will be established. If I am hanged my misery will soon be over, while the disgrace will be theirs."

This was the third trial of Powers. On the two previous trials the sentence was life imprisonment, but Powers, by taking the case to the appellate court, got a new trial. The court was then Republican, but its political complexion is now changed.

**History of Crime.**

William Goebel was shot by an assassin on January 30, 1900, as he was walking toward the capitol building at Frankfort with Col. Jack Chinn. The volley came from one of the windows of the state building. There were five shots fired.

He lingered until February 3, when he died, but on February 1 he was sworn into office as governor while lying on his deathbed. The legislature, after having been adjourned by Governor W. S. Taylor, met and proclaimed his election.

**Taylor's Flight.**

Governor Taylor subsequently fled and has since lived in Indiana, the governors of that State having steadfastly refused to honor requisitions from Governor Beckham for his deliverance into Kentucky.

**CALEB POWERS INNOCENT, SAYS GOVERNOR TAYLOR**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 29.—When seen tonight and asked for a statement in regard to the conviction of Caleb Powers, former Governor W. S. Taylor of Kentucky said there was but one word to explain his feeling in the matter.

"I am horrified," he said, "simply horrified. It is a monstrous crime. But it is no more than was to have been expected. His conviction is the most diabolical political crime of the age."

"The verdict does not in fact nor in the minds of just men anywhere make him any more guilty than did the conviction and execution of Robert Emmet make him guilty. Caleb Powers is an innocent man."

**\$10,000 FOR SCIENCE.**

LEXINGTON, Va., Aug. 29.—Washington and Lee University received from the widow and children of Cyrus H. McCormick, of Chicago, a fund of \$10,000 to maintain the new science hall.

## STANDARD OIL GRASP TIGHTENS ON NEW YORK

After Control of Railways and Lighting.

RUMORS GIVEN CREDENCE

Rockefeller Already Has Large Holdings in City Railroad Companies, 'Tis Said.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A rumor, more or less credited in Wall Street, was circulated this afternoon to the effect that Standard Oil interests had all but consummated a deal for the acquisition of the street railroad and lighting properties of this city.

It was said that the Standard Oil interests involved were represented by a syndicate formed principally by William C. Whitney, who already has extensive holdings in Metropolitan Securities Company and Metropolitan Traction stock; Thomas F. Ryan; P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, and Thomas Dolan. No confirmation of the rumor could be had in this city tonight.

The story was to the effect that the syndicate purposed consolidating all the street railroads of the city, with the possible assimilation as well of the lighting properties. Circumstantially, there are various grounds for the rumor, chief among which was the recent well-defined report that John D. Rockefeller, who already was reputed to have large holdings in the city railroad companies, was steadily increasing his stock. Also Messrs. Whitney, Ryan and Widener have been in the city coincidentally and on the street in the summer on several occasions.

## F. AUGUSTUS HEINZE WINS NOTABLE VICTORY

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 29.—F. Augustus Heinze won a notable victory in the district court at Butte today when Judge Clancy sustained every finding of fact and conclusion in law for the plaintiff in the celebrated Nipper Lode claim case, wherein Heinze sued the Washoe Copper Company and the Anaconda Copper Company for mining property at Butte, valued at more than \$10,000,000.

## WAITING ON COLOMBIA TO ACT ON THE TREATY

United States Will Take No Further Steps.

IDEA OF WAR NOT SUGGESTED

Belief General That Central American Patriots Want Slice of Panama Canal Company's \$40,000,000.

No further action will be taken by the United States concerning the construction of an isthmian canal until the Colombian congress announces its final decision concerning the Panama Canal treaty.

This is the conclusion arrived at by President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay at their conference at Oyster Bay on Friday. State Department officials are much surprised at the appeals which Colombia is directing toward the United States. It is evident that the South American republic expects the United States to take some action which will hasten canal legislation.

**Accept or Reject.**

President Roosevelt is not inclined to make any further overtures to Colombia. The treaty has been framed, and it is up to the Colombians to accept or reject it before September 22, the date when the period for ratification will expire.

It is authoritatively stated at the State Department that no suggestion of war with Colombia over the Panama Canal occurred in the conference between Secretary Hay and the President at Oyster Bay Friday. That conference consumed about four hours, and in its course the treaty, like many other subjects, was discussed, but there was no intimation of possible war. The Administration stands where it did originally—Colombia must adopt the treaty or reject it.

**Itching Palms.**

It is the belief here, which is not at all new, that Colombia is planning a raid upon the Panama Canal Company. To see that organization walk away with \$40,000,000 in cold cash of the United States stamp is too much for the Colombian patriots, and they are now believed to be devising ways and means to squeeze a portion of that amount out of the company, even at the risk of killing the goose that is to lay the golden eggs.

## FORMER WRITER IN CUSTODY ON SERIOUS CHARGE

Worthington Ireland Arrested and Is Now in Hospital.

CAUGHT BY A CARRIER

Prisoner Has Had a Varied Career—Engaged in Newspaper Work.

Worthington H. Ireland, one-time newspaper man, is in custody on the serious charge of forgery and burglary. Letter Carrier Edward W. Turner, of B Subpostoffice Station, who lives at 1014 North Carolina Avenue, was making his rounds yesterday afternoon and had occasion to deliver mail at the home of Eugene A. Barr, at 206 E Street northeast.

Barr happens to be out of the city on leave, and Turner knew it. As he approached the house he found a man in the vestibule. The latter, when he perceived Turner, turned and entered the house. Realizing at once that he was in contact with a burglar, Turner followed. Finding he was pursued, the man sprang through a rear glass door, in the hope of escaping, cutting his hands badly as he did so. Turner speedily captured him and turned him over to Policeman T. B. Scanlon, of the Third precinct, who took him to the stationhouse. There it was found that his hands were in such condition that it was necessary to take him to the Emergency Hospital for treatment, after which he was locked up in the Ninth precinct stationhouse.

Ireland, the name given by the man, has had a varied career. He was at one time, it is alleged, connected with the "News," formerly published on D Street, between Ninth and Tenth Streets. In May, 1895, he was arrested on a warrant sworn out by the proprietor of the "News," charging him with embezzlement. He was bound over for the action of the grand jury, but the case never came to trial.

A little over a month later, Ireland was arrested by Captain Boardman, then a private, for the Baltimore authorities on a warrant charging him with forgery. It was alleged at the time that he had forged the name of Mayor Latrobe, of Baltimore, to numerous orders on lumber firms.

## CHINESE MINISTER HEARS MEXICAN CASE

Exclusion of His Countrymen Is Alleged.

A CALLER FROM HONGKONG

Mr. Eng Declares Decree of President Diaz's Government Has Crippled His Company's Export Trade.

On allegations that Chinese exclusion from Mexico has practically been effected, in an illegal manner, by the issue of a decree by President Diaz, was held yesterday, at the Chinese legation, an important conference between Minister Chentung Liang-Cheng and a prominent Hongkong merchant. The visitor was Eng Hok-fong, representative of the China Commercial Steamship Company, operating a line of steamers between Hongkong and Manzanillo, Mexico. Its interests have been so affected by the Mexican order, Mr. Eng contended, that official cognizance of the situation is imperative.

**Pest in China.**

The condition of affairs on which President Diaz's decree was based was the prevalence of cholera and bubonic plague in China, rendering dangerous. It was claimed, a continuation of the steamship company's business with Mexico. As a sanitary measure the minister of the Interior, Senor Corrales, issued an order suspending the privileges granted the company by treaty. This was done, with the approval of President Diaz, and the steamship company found its business crippled.

**Appeal for Relief.**

After ineffectual efforts to have the decree modified, complaint has now been made to the Chinese minister here to procure relief for the company. There are 20,000 Chinese in Mexico, where their labor is needed in developing the country. The steamship company has not only brought new laborers to the republic, but has built up an export trade for Chinese merchandise. Because of interference with this trade, President Diaz's decree is resented, and the contention is made that ships with clean bills of health should be permitted to land goods and passengers. At present the Mexican decree is prohibitive.

## REBELS CARRY THE FIGHT INTO ENEMY'S CAMP

Seek Support From the Sultan's Disgruntled Subjects.

ADRIANOPLE IN ASHES

The District Has Been Laid Waste by the Contending Armies.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 29.—The most conclusive evidence is at hand that the revolutionists, at the instigation of the Macedonian committee, are making a bid for support from the Turkish people themselves in the fight for liberty from the rule of the porte.

It is well known that the people under the Sultan's hand are well high desperate with the exactions of the grinding taxation enforced by the government agents, soldiery, and officials, and would look with favor on anything that promised relief of any kind. Conditions are so bad in the Empire that they could not be worse. It is on this feeling among the supposedly loyal subjects of the Sultan that the revolutionists have worked. The hand of the Macedonian statesman and leader, Saraff, is believed to be shown in this latest move of the insurrectionists.

**Albania Is Seething.**

The porte has issued an imperial order ordering the mobilization of 60,000 redifs at Kosovo, in Roumelia. It has become plain that Albania is seething with now almost irresistible excitement.

Since the threatening of the Macedonian committee to set the plague loose by the dissemination of bacteria, the porte has become thoroughly alarmed lest this be actually carried into execution. A heavy guard has been furnished to protect the aqueduct of the Derkos Water Company in order to keep the supply of the city intact and uncontaminated.

**Adrianople Laid Waste.**

SOFIA, Aug. 29.—The newspaper "Dnevnik" states that, according to information which it has received, fully one-quarter of the district of Adrianople has now been laid waste and is in ashes. Three other districts, the newspaper continues, have been pillaged and fired. The populace has become panic-stricken and the authorities have completely lost their heads.

Reports of further attempts to interfere with the railroad communication with Turkey continue to arrive here. The latest attempt of this sort occurred this morning when the eastbound Orient express, without passengers, and bound for the Turkish line, was used as a means for blowing up the westward bound Orient express, between Usunkupri and Tcherkesskeul. Something went wrong, however, for the dynamite was successful only in derailing the engine of the westbound express.

**Turks Claim Victory.**

SALONIKA, Aug. 29.—The Turkish authorities have issued an official account of recent engagements with the revolutionists.

According to this account, the Turks have recaptured Neveska, killing 300 Bulgarians during the fight. No statement is made as to the number of Turks killed. Mukhliss Pacha has arrived to take command of the gendarmes.

## AFLOAT AND BEFOGGED, RIFLEMEN ARE UNHAPPY

Major Bell's Tent Razed in Terrific Gale.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 29.—Afloat and befogged is the camp, and cold and disgusted are the District of Columbia riflemen, who in the three days they have been here have had but three-fourths of a day's practice.

The storm tonight is more furious than ever. Squaw River, which bounds the camp, is twenty feet beyond its banks, and the line of officers' tents, which fronts the stream, is so wet that the Pennsylvanians who arrived this afternoon are sleeping in the storeroom of the stables. In the tents oil stoves are at a high premium, and at the clubhouse the officers and guests are hugging a log fire. In the gale last night part of Major Bell's tent was razed.

"Can't we have the range open on Sunday if it don't storm?" asked one of the Puritans from Massachusetts.

The Pennsylvania team, in command of Col. Frank K. Patterson, arrived direct from the Mt. Gettys matches. The coach is Lieut. William D. Foulke, winner of the Wimbledon Cup two years ago. The Pennsylvania squadron team is also here from the carbine and revolver matches.

**"OLDEST MAN" DEAD.**

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 29.—Francis Anthony, the oldest man in Illinois, died this morning of heart failure. He was born in May, 1800, in Ireland.

## Leishman Must Explain Error in Transmitting Dispatch From Beirut

### INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL MAY BE INVESTIGATED

Result of Disclosures Published in The Times.

OVERCHARGES FOR SUPPLIES

Protests on That Account Made Former Superintendent Unpopular, But Dealers Won Out.

A second investigation into the affairs of the Industrial Home School is not improbable, in view of recent disclosures, printed exclusively in The Times. Negligence on the part of the present superintendent has been conclusively shown; the milk furnished the institution has been analyzed and found to be adulterated; a suspicion of malicious poisoning exists in the minds of the District health officials, and an examination is now under way to determine the truth of such suspicions.

**A Secret Investigation.**

Finally an examination of the District records yesterday afternoon disclosed the fact that the "secret" investigation of the institution, made a year ago, was conducted without an invitation having been extended to the trustees of the home, nor were they permitted to participate. No answer has been made to any of these charges, and friends of the institution declare their intention of pushing the matter with the Commissioners and compelling another, but "public," investigation.

On August 19 The Times printed an account of general poisoning which occurred at the Industrial Home School the day before, but which was not reported to the authorities until the day The Times printed the story. The second case of poisoning came to the attention of The Times through a casual question addressed to two children of the Home, who were in front of the District Building, awaiting the return of the superintendent. Diligent inquiry based upon the information thus obtained, led to the new story of August 27.

**After the Superintendent.**

The object of the "secret" investigation, conducted more than a year ago, seems to have been in part, if not solely, to force out of office Edward E. McCaslin, who was then superintendent. Mr. McCaslin seems to have had the solid support of the entire board of trustees.

It is asserted this so-called investigation was partial and unfair, to the last degree, and that when testimony was given which was not desired by the investigators the stenographer was directed to leave it out. While the inquiry was in progress, and before the superintendent's side of the case had been presented, those pressing the investigation said that he must go. At the end of the investigation the trustees were informed he must be dismissed.

**Finally Forced Out.**

In spite of this announcement, they held him in office from October until early in December, when, not being willing to submit to further annoyances and in spite of continued support from the entire board of trustees, he resigned. His resignation became effective January 1, 1903, when he was succeeded by C. W. Skinner.

It is said, among other things, that the former superintendent incurred the hostility of contractors whom he many times reported to the District authorities as guilty of making overcharges and furnishing short supplies, and that, although these alleged overcharges continued for several years, these same contractors are still furnishing supplies.

### VANDERBILT'S PARSIMONY OFFENDS THE GERMANS

Gold Not Plentiful on Recent Automobile Trip.

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—All the Berlin newspapers are publishing accounts of George W. Vanderbilt's recent automobile tour through Bavaria.

The reports state that he drove his machine with a reckless disregard of his life, and was several times compelled to pay fines, once for killing a cow and on other occasions for running at a much more rapid rate than was permissible by law, thereby exciting the greatest resentment on the part of the people living in the sections through which he passed.

The published accounts also dwell at some length on his parsimony, saying that he either gave no tips at all, or they were so small as to be even shabby. The papers state that after their experience with Mr. Vanderbilt the people have been disillusioned with regard to the munificence of American millionaires.

### ENGLAND EXPRESSES SYMPATHY FOR LIPTON

Persistent Efforts to Lift the Cup Commended.

SCOTCHMEN ARE CHAGRINED

Because of the Failure of Their Boat, the Men of the Clyde Display Bitterness Toward Sir Thomas.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—Interest in the yacht races here is practically nil, and has been since Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock III met its first defeat Saturday a week ago. There were a few who thought that Shamrock might do better over the triangular course than over the windward and leeward, but after last Tuesday's defeat few have even taken the trouble to glance at a bulletin board as they passed along the streets, regarding the victory of the American boat as a foregone conclusion.

**Scotchmen Much Chagrined.**

There are a few of the minor journals in this city, and an even larger number in Scotland, which are saying harsh things just now about Sir Thomas, but these cannot be taken as indicative of the general sentiment of the people. It was to be expected that the men of the Clyde would be greatly chagrined at the defeat of the boat built and launched there, for as they watched it grow they were more enthusiastic than those in other sections of the United Kingdom and expected more of her. They have been disappointed just in proportion as their hopes had been raised, and they felt the blow keenly, and now naturally feel some resentment toward Sir Thomas, having no one else to blame.

**Commend Lipton's Efforts.**

The majority of the people, however, recall that after the defeat of the second Shamrock Sir Thomas announced he would challenge again if no one else did. They recall that he waited for a full year, and as no one else gave any intimation of an intention to challenge he issued his third challenge and built his third boat. They recall that he has unquestionably spent large sums of money in his efforts to "lift the cup," and neglected his business interests in order to personally superintend the details. They are therefore inclined to do him all honor and to thank him most heartily for his patriotism and sympathize with him in his disappointment.

### OKLAHOMA REFUSES TO EMPLOY NEGROES

Death of White Laborers in the Cotton Belt.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Aug. 29.—The cotton growers of Greer county are face to face with the serious problem of how the big crop of cotton is to be picked this year. The people there refuse to let negroes work, and white labor is not available. This season the yield is 35 per cent greater than last year, when hundreds of bales were plowed under because there was nobody to pick them. Several large growers who have hinted at importing negroes were given to understand that this would not be advisable. It is proposed to bring in 100 Mexican families until the season is over as a partial solution of the difficulty.

### GOVERNOR HUNT GUEST OF SENATOR HANNA

Sees Dawn of New Era for Porto Rico.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 29.—Gov. W. H. Hunt, of Porto Rico, is in the United States on his vacation trip and is a guest of Senator Hanna.

Under the law passed by Congress last session empowering the President to make grants of public lands, said Governor Hunt, "I anticipate that there will be a speedy increase of interest in the island. The lands at his disposition are both agricultural and mineral and will be developed."

Governor Hunt is pleased with the President's appointment of Governor Taft as successor of Secretary Root. Hunt and Taft were classmates.

Clear Flooring, \$2.00 Per 100 Ft. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. ave.—Adv.

Mistranslation of Report as to Attack on Magelssen Regarded as Portentous—A Full Explanation Requested.

Official View of Situation Not Greatly Changed by News of American's Escape From Death by Assassination.

Still Need for War Vessels at Beirut—Missions in Danger. Foreign Consuls Report Syria as Unsafe for Aliens.

Secretary Hay sent a dispatch to Minister Leishman in Constantinople yesterday asking for a full report concerning the mistake in the dispatch which announced the murder of Vice Consul Magelssen at Beirut when he had, in fact, only been shot at and not injured in the slightest.

This error in the use of the cipher code caused much confusion at the State Department and brought about action on the part of the Administration which might not have been taken for some time, if at all, had the facts concerning the attack on Mr. Magelssen been told in the dispatch.

The reported murder of the vice consul was thus responsible for the ordering of the European squadron of the United States navy to Beirut. Appeals from missionaries whose lives are threatened at Harput and other cities in Asiatic Turkey might have resulted in the sending of the European squadron to Syria, but this step certainly would not have been taken at this time if it had not been for the erroneous dispatch.

**Still Need for Action.**

Vice Consul Magelssen's escape, while it relieves sorrow concerning him personally, does not greatly modify official views of the conditions prevailing in Turkey. Several of the consuls at Beirut have reported to their governments that the city is not at this moment safe. The local governor has taken prompt action in the Magelssen affair, and promises to make every effort to find and punish the guilty.

Missionaries are disquieted. Secretary Hay is expecting to receive representative officers of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions, who are coming to confer with him regarding information which they are getting from Turkey. He will remain in Washington as long as the Eastern situation continues critical. While bad conditions in Turkey are chronic reports from all sources indicate that the present state of affairs is extremely serious.

**Grave Situation at Harput.**

The missionaries at Harput are in hourly peril and those at less populous centers must be still more exposed. Even Consul Ravndal sounds a tone of alarm when he reports that several of the foreign consuls have notified their governments that Syria is an unsafe place for aliens.

Exactly what measures will be adopted to protect those persons situated at a distance from the seaboard is not yet decided, but in this Admiral Cotton will be given a free hand, and, should the conditions warrant, he may land forces of marines. At the State Department it is said this is an extreme measure, but warranted under the law of nations whenever the ruling sovereign proves unable to afford safety to foreigners within his domain. The department has already received assurances, informal in their nature, from each of the powers interested in Turkish affairs that no obstacles will be placed in the way of the United States, regardless of the mode of procedure.

No change has been made in the orders to the European squadron to sail as soon as possible for Beirut. The Navy Department has been advised that the Machias sailed Friday for Port Said. The San Francisco and Brooklyn are still coaling. As it is believed that these vessels will not start for the East without taking on a large supply of coal, they probably will not sail for Beirut before today. The Navy Department has had no advice concerning their movements further than the announcement of their arrival at Genoa and of their purpose to coal there.

**TURKISH MINISTER HURRIES TO CAPITAL**

SANVILLE, N. Y., Aug. 29.—Alarmed at the serious situation between Turkey and the United States, Chuk Bey, the Turkish minister to this country, is hastening to Washington to confer with Secretary of State Hay.

He hurriedly left his summer legation here tonight for the capital, and because of the gravity of the situation intends to ask Secretary Hay to forego the customary formalities and receive him immediately.

The conference will probably take place at Mr. Hay's house tomorrow afternoon.